

Massachusetts Tutorials are designed specifically for the Learning Standards found in the Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks to prepare students for the MCAS tests.

U.S. History Tutorials offer targeted instruction, practice, and review designed to build students' knowledge of U.S. history and their comfort with historical thinking skills. Students engage with the content in an interactive, feedback-rich environment as they progress through standards-aligned modules. By constantly honing their ability to apply historical knowledge in abstract and concrete forms, students build the depth of knowledge and higher-order thinking skills required to demonstrate their mastery when put to the test.

In each module, the Learn It and Try It make complex ideas accessible through focused content, guided analysis, multi-modal representations, and personalized feedback as students reason through increasingly challenging problems. The Review It offers a high impact summary of key concepts and relates those concepts to students' lives. The Test It assesses students' mastery of the module's concepts, providing granular performance data to students and teachers after each attempt. To help students concentrate on the content most relevant to them, unit-level pretests and posttests can quickly identify where students are strong and where they're still learning

1. ON THE FRONTIER

• AMERICAN INDIANS IN THE WEST

- **USII.4** *Analyze the causes of the continuing westward expansion of the American people after the Civil War and the impact of this migration on the Indians.*

• WEST WARD EXPANSION AND THE ECONOMY

- **USII.4** *Analyze the causes of the continuing westward expansion of the American people after the Civil War and the impact of this migration on the Indians.*

2. THE SECOND INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

• THE RISE OF INDUSTRY

- **USII.1.C** *the role of business leaders, entrepreneurs, and inventors such as Alexander Graham Bell, Andrew Carnegie, Thomas Edison, J.P. Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, and Cornelius Vanderbilt*
- **USII.1.B** *important technological and scientific advances*

• CORPORATIONS, CAPITALISM, AND THE CAPTAINS OF INDUSTRY

- **USII.2.A** *the growth of big business*
- **USII.1.C** *the role of business leaders, entrepreneurs, and inventors such as Alexander Graham Bell, Andrew Carnegie, Thomas Edison, J.P. Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, and Cornelius Vanderbilt*
- **USII.8.C** *the Sherman Anti-Trust Act (1890)*

• POLITICS OF THE GILDED AGE

- **USII.5.C** *the Populist Party*
- **USII.8.B** *William Jennings Bryan*

3. LABOR, IMMIGRATION, AND THE CITY

• INDUSTRIAL WORKERS AND LABOR REFORM

- **USII.5.A** *the Knights of Labor*

- **USII.5.B** *the American Federation of Labor headed by Samuel Gompers*

- **URBANIZATION AND ITS CHALLENGES**

- **USII.2.C** *the expansion of cities*

- **PATTERNS OF IMMIGRATION**

- **USII.3** *Describe the causes of the immigration of Southern and Eastern Europeans, Chinese, Koreans, and Japanese to America in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, and describe the major roles of these immigrants in the industrialization of America.*

4. THE PROGRESSIVE ERA: PART 1

- **SOCIAL REFORM IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA**

- **USII.8.F** *Upton Sinclair*
- **USII.8.H** *Ida Tarbell*
- **USII.8.D** *the Pure Food and Drug Act (1906)*
- **USII.8.A** *Jane Addams*

- **SUFFRAGE AND CIVIL RIGHTS IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA**

- **USII.9.E** *Alice Paul*
- **USII.9.B** *W.E.B. Du Bois*
- **USII.9.D** *the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP)*
- **USII.9.F** *Booker T. Washington*
- **USII.8.H** *the ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment in 1920*

5. THE PROGRESSIVE ERA: PART 2

- **POLITICAL REFORM IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA**

- **USII.8.B** *the initiative referendum and its recall*
- **USII.8.D** *Robert La Follette*
- **USII.8.E** *President Theodore Roosevelt*
- **USII.8.G** *President William H. Taft*
- **USII.8.I** *President Woodrow Wilson*

- **ECONOMIC REFORM IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA**

- **USII.5.D** *the Socialist Party headed by Eugene Debs*
- **USII.8.E** *the Meat Packing Act (1906)*
- **USII.8.F** *the Federal Reserve Act (1913)*

6. AMERICAN IMPERIALISM

- **THE DRIVE FOR EXPANSION**

- **USII.6.F** *President Roosevelt's Corollary to the Monroe Doctrine*
- **USII.6.A** *the influence of the ideas associated with Social Darwinism*
- **USII.6.E** *U.S. expansion into Asia under the Open Door policy*

- **THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR**

- **USII.6.D** *the Spanish-American War*

- **AMERICA EXPANDS: HAWAII, PANAMA, AND BEYOND**

- **USII.6.C** America's growing influence in Hawaii leading to annexation
- **USII.6.G** America's role in the building of the Panama Canal
- **USII.6.H** President Taft's Dollar Diplomacy

7. WORLD WAR I

● WORLD WAR I: THE BIGGER PICTURE

- **USII.6.J** American entry into World War I

● OUTCOMES OF THE WAR: AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER

- **USII.7** Explain the course and significance of President Wilson's wartime diplomacy, including his Fourteen Points, the League of Nations, and the failure of the Versailles treaty.

8. AMERICA IN THE 1920S

● A TIME OF FEAR: THE RED SCARE, NATIVISM, AND RACISM

- **USII.10.C** racial and ethnic tensions
- **USII.24.C** J. Edgar Hoover
- **USII.10.B** the Red Scare and Sacco and Vanzetti

● SOCIAL CONFLICT AND CHANGE

- **USII.10.D** the Scopes Trial and the debate over Darwin's *On the Origins of Species*
- **USII.8.B** William Jennings Bryan
- **USII.10.E** Prohibition

9. THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE NEW DEAL

● CAUSES OF THE GREAT DEPRESSION

- **USII.11.A** restrictive monetary policies
- **USII.12.A** President Herbert Hoover

● THE DUST BOWL AND THE IMPACTS OF THE GREAT DEPRESSION

- **USII.11.B** unemployment

● THE NEW DEAL

- **USII.11.C** support for political and economic reform
- **USII.12.A** the establishment of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
- **USII.12.B** President Franklin D. Roosevelt
- **USII.12.C** Eleanor Roosevelt
- **USII.12.D** the Social Security Act
- **USII.12.E** Charles Coughlin
- **USII.12.F** the Works Progress Administration
- **USII.12.G** the Fair Labor Standards Act
- **USII.13.A** the increased importance of the federal government in establishing economic and social policies

10. WORLD WAR II: PART I

● FROM ISOLATIONISM TO INVOLVEMENT

- **USII.14** Explain the strength of American isolationism after World War I and analyze its impact on U.S. foreign policy.
- **USII.15.A** Fascism in Germany and Italy
- **USII.15.B** German rearmament and militarization of the Rhineland

- **USII.15.C** *Germany's seizure of Austria and Czechoslovakia and Germany's invasion of Poland*
- **USII.15.D** *Japan's invasion of China and the Rape of Nanking*
- **USII.15.E** *Pearl Harbor, Midway, D-Day, Okinawa, the Battle of the Bulge, Iwo Jima, and the Yalta and Potsdam conferences*

- **MOBILIZATION AND THE HOME FRONT**

- **USII.17.A** *how war-inspired economic growth ended the Great Depression*

- **WAR ON MANY FRONTS**

- **USII.15.E** *Pearl Harbor, Midway, D-Day, Okinawa, the Battle of the Bulge, Iwo Jima, and the Yalta and Potsdam conferences*

11. WORLD WAR II: PART 2

- **OPPORTUNITIES AND OBSTACLES**

- **USII.17.B** *A. Philip Randolph and the efforts to eliminate employment discrimination*
- **USII.17.C** *the entry of large numbers of women into the workforce*
- **USII.17.D** *the internment of West Coast Japanese-Americans in the U.S. and Canada*

- **THE END OF THE WAR**

- **USII.15.E** *Pearl Harbor, Midway, D-Day, Okinawa, the Battle of the Bulge, Iwo Jima, and the Yalta and Potsdam conferences*
- **USII.16** *Explain the reasons for the dropping of atom bombs on Japan and its short and long-term effects.*

12. THE COLD WAR: PART 1

- **THE BEGINNINGS OF THE COLD WAR**

- **USII.18.A** *the differences between the Soviet and American political and economic systems*
- **USII.18.B** *Soviet aggression in Eastern Europe*
- **USII.19.B** *Germany*
- **USII.18.C** *the Truman Doctrine, the Marshall Plan, and NATO*
- **USII.24.B** *Alger Hiss*
- **USII.24.D** *Senator Joseph McCarthy*
- **USII.24.E** *Julius and Ethel Rosenberg*
- **USII.24.C** *the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HUAC)*

- **THE KOREAN WAR AND THE EISENHOWER YEARS**

- **USII.19.A** *the Korean War*
- **USII.19.C** *China*

- **THE ARMS RACE AND THE SPACE RACE**

- **USII.19.E** *the arms race*
- **USII.19.F** *Latin America*
- **USII.23.C** *Eisenhower's response to the Soviet's launching of Sputnik*
- **USII.28.A** *the space exploration program*

13. THE COLD WAR: PART 2

- **THE VIETNAM WAR**

- **USII.20** *Explain the causes, course, and consequences of the Vietnam War and summarize the diplomatic and military policies of Presidents Eisenhower, Kennedy, Johnson, and Nixon.*
- **USII.19.H** *the Vietnam War*

- **THE LAST YEARS OF THE COLD WAR**

- **USII.21** Analyze how the failure of communist economic policies as well as U.S.-sponsored resistance to Soviet military and diplomatic initiatives contributed to ending the Cold War.
- **USII.29.B** anticommunist foreign and defense policies

14. THE MIDCENTURY BOOM

- **PROSPERITY AND CHANGE AFTER WORLD WAR II**

- **USII.22.A** economic growth and declining poverty
- **USII.22.B** the baby boom
- **USII.22.E** the development of mass media and consumerism
- **USII.22.C** the growth of suburbs and home-ownership

- **DOMESTIC PROGRAMS IN THE 1950S AND 1960S**

- **USII.28.B** the assassination of President Kennedy
- **USII.28.C** Johnson's Great Society programs

15. RETHINKING AMERICA

- **CULTURAL RESPONSES TO VIETNAM AND WATERGATE**

- **USII.28.E** the anti-war and counter-cultural movements
- **USII.28.G** the Watergate scandal (including the Supreme Court case, *U.S. v. Nixon*)
- **USII.20** Explain the causes, course, and consequences of the Vietnam War and summarize the diplomatic and military policies of Presidents Eisenhower, Kennedy, Johnson, and Nixon.

- **THE WARREN COURT**

- **USII.25.A** *Brown v. Board of Education* (1954)

16. CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENTS

- **THE GROWTH OF THE AFRICAN AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT**

- **USII.23.D** Eisenhower's civil rights record
- **USII.9.C** Marcus Garvey
- **USII.25.A** *Brown v. Board of Education* (1954)
- **USII.25.B** the 1955–1956 Montgomery Bus Boycott
- **USII.25.C** Thurgood Marshall
- **USII.25.D** Rosa Parks

- **KEY FIGURES IN THE AFRICAN AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT**

- **USII.25.D** the sit-ins and freedom rides of the early 1960s
- **USII.25.B** Martin Luther King, Jr.
- **USII.25.E** Malcolm X
- **USII.25.F** the 1963 March on Washington
- **USII.25.H** the 1968 assassination of Martin Luther King, Jr.

- **THE HEIGHT OF THE AFRICAN AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT**

- **USII.25.F** the 1963 March on Washington
- **USII.25.G** the 1965 civil rights protest in Selma
- **USII.26.A** the 1964 Civil Rights Act and the 1965 Voting Rights Act
- **USII.25.E** the 1963 civil rights protest in Birmingham

17. WOMEN'S CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT

• THE FEMINIST MOVEMENT

- **USII.27.B** *the birth control pill*
- **USII.27.E** *the debate over the Equal Rights Amendment*
- **USII.27.F** *the 1973 Supreme Court case, Roe v. Wade*
- **USII.27.A** *Betty Friedan and Gloria Steinem*
- **USII.27.D** *the formation of the National Organization of Women in 1967*
- **USII.27.C** *the increasing number of working women*

18. GLOBALIZATION AND AMERICA TODAY

• GLOBAL ECONOMICS AFTER THE COLD WAR

- **USII.31.A** *the passage of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) in 1993*

• GLOBALIZATION, HEALTH, AND THE ENVIRONMENT

- **USII.30.B** *scientific and medical discoveries*
- **USII.28.F** *the creation of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in 1970*

• SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN THE INFORMATION AGE

- **USII.30.A** *the computer and technological revolution of the 1980s and 1990s.*

19. AMERICA IN THE WORLD

• THE UNITED STATES AND THE MIDDLE EAST: 1970S - 1990S

- **USII.19.D** *the Middle East*
- **USII.33.A** *the invasion of Panama and the Persian Gulf War*
- **USII.33.C** *the attempts to negotiate a settlement to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict*

• U.S. INVOLVEMENT IN WORLD AFFAIRS: 1980S - TODAY

- **USII.19.G** *Africa*
- **USII.33.B** *American intervention in Somalia, Haiti, Bosnia-Herzegovina, and Kosovo*

• THE FIGHT AGAINST TERROR IN THE 21ST CENTURY

- **USII.33.D** *America's response to the September 11, 2001 terrorist attack on the World Trade Center in New York City and on the Pentagon in Washington, D.C.*

20. DOMESTIC POLICIES AND POLITICS

• THE CONSERVATIVE RESURGENCE

- **USII.29.D** *the revitalization of the conservative movement during Reagan's tenure as President*

• DOMESTIC POLICY DEBATES: 1970S - TODAY

- **USII.30.C** *major immigration and demographic changes such as the rise in Asian and Hispanic immigration (both legal and illegal)*
- **USII.29.A** *tax rate cuts*

• POLITICS IN THE LATE 20TH AND EARLY 21ST CENTURIES

- **USII.31.D** *the election in 1994 of the first Republican majority in both the House and Senate in 40 years*
- **USII.31.F** *the causes and consequences of the impeachment of President Clinton in 1998*

- **USII.32.A** *the Supreme Court case, Bush v. Gore*
- **USII.32.B** *the growing influence of the Republican Party in the South and the consolidation of the Democratic Party's hold on the coasts*