

New Jersey Tutorials are designed specifically for the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards to prepare students for the PARCC assessments, the New Jersey Biology Competency Test (NJBCT).

U.S. History Tutorials offer targeted instruction, practice, and review designed to build students' knowledge of U.S. history and their comfort with historical thinking skills. Students engage with the content in an interactive, feedback-rich environment as they progress through standards-aligned modules. By constantly honing their ability to apply historical knowledge in abstract and concrete forms, students build the depth of knowledge and higher-order thinking skills required to demonstrate their mastery when put to the test.

In each module, the Learn It and Try It make complex ideas accessible through focused content, guided analysis, multi-modal representations, and personalized feedback as students reason through increasingly challenging problems. The Review It offers a high impact summary of key concepts and relates those concepts to students' lives. The Test It assesses students' mastery of the module's concepts, providing granular performance data to students and teachers after each attempt. To help students concentrate on the content most relevant to them, unit-level pretests and posttests can quickly identify where students are strong and where they're still learning.

## 1. FIRST PEOPLES AND EUROPEAN COLONIZATION

- **THE FIRST PEOPLES OF NORTH AMERICA**
- **COLONIZING NORTH AMERICA**

## 2. THE BRITISH COLONIES IN NORTH AMERICA

- **THE NEW ENGLAND, MIDDLE, AND SOUTHERN COLONIES**
  - **6.1.12.GeoGI.1.a** Explain how geographic variations impacted economic development in the New World, and its role in promoting trade with global markets (e.g., climate, soil conditions, other natural resources).
  - **6.1.12.CivicsPI.1.a** Explain how British North American colonies adapted the British governance structure to fit their ideas of individual rights, economic growth, and participatory government.
- **LIFE IN THE BRITISH COLONIES**
  - **6.1.12.CivicsPD.1.a** Use multiple sources to analyze the factors that led to an increase in the political rights and participation in government.
  - **6.1.12.CivicsPI.1.a** Explain how British North American colonies adapted the British governance structure to fit their ideas of individual rights, economic growth, and participatory government.

## 3. WINNING INDEPENDENCE

- **THE BUILDUP TO INDEPENDENCE**
  - **6.1.12.EconGE.1.a** Explain how economic ideas and the practices of mercantilism and capitalism conflicted during this time period.
  - **6.1.12.HistoryCC.1.a** Assess the impact of the interactions and conflicts between native groups and North American settlers.
  - **6.1.12.CivicsPI.1.a** Explain how British North American colonies adapted the British governance structure to fit their ideas of individual rights, economic growth, and participatory government.
- **THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE**
- **THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR**

## 4. BUILDING THE U. S. GOVERNMENT

- **THE ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.a** Prepare and articulate a point of view about the importance of individual rights, separation of powers, and governmental structure in New Jersey's 1776 constitution and the United States Constitution.
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.2.b** Use multiple sources to evaluate the effectiveness of the Northwest Ordinance in resolving disputes over Western lands and the expansion of slavery.

- **THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.2.b** Assess the importance of the intellectual origins of the Foundational Documents and assess their importance on the spread of democracy around the world (i.e., Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and Bill of Rights).
- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.2.a** Compare and contrast the arguments of Federalists and Anti-Federalists during the ratification debates and assess their continuing relevance.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.a** Prepare and articulate a point of view about the importance of individual rights, separation of powers, and governmental structure in New Jersey's 1776 constitution and the United States Constitution.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.b** Examine the emergence of early political parties and their views on centralized government and foreign affairs and compare these positions with those of today's political parties.

## 5. THE U.S. CONSTITUTION

- **THE U.S. CONSTITUTION**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.a** Prepare and articulate a point of view about the importance of individual rights, separation of powers, and governmental structure in New Jersey's 1776 constitution and the United States Constitution.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.2.b** Assess the importance of the intellectual origins of the Foundational Documents and assess their importance on the spread of democracy around the world (i.e., Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and Bill of Rights).

- **RATIFYING AND AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION**

## 6. THE EARLY UNITED STATES

- **THE FEDERALIST ERA**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.2.a** Create a timeline that relates events in Europe to the development of American trade and American foreign and domestic policies.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.2.b** Assess the effectiveness of the new state and national governments attempts to respond to economic challenges including domestic (e.g., inflation, debt) and foreign trade policy issues.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.b** Examine the emergence of early political parties and their views on centralized government and foreign affairs and compare these positions with those of today's political parties.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.3.b** Describe how the Supreme Court increased the power of the national government and promoted national economic growth during this era.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.2.a** Use primary sources to explain how judicial review made the Supreme Court an influential branch of government and construct an argument regarding the continuing impact of the Supreme Court today.

- **THE AGE OF JEFFERSON**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.b** Examine the emergence of early political parties and their views on centralized government and foreign affairs and compare these positions with those of today's political parties.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.2.b** Assess the effectiveness of the new state and national governments attempts to respond to economic challenges including domestic (e.g., inflation, debt) and foreign trade policy issues.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.2.a** Create a timeline that relates events in Europe to the development of American trade and American foreign and domestic policies.

- **WESTWARD EXPANSION**

- **6.1.12.GeoPP.2.a** Analyze how the United States has attempted to account for regional differences while also striving to create an American identity.
- **6.1.12.GeoSV.3.a** Evaluate the impact of Western settlement on the expansion of United States political boundaries.
- **6.1.12.EconET.3.a** Relate the wealth of natural resources to the economic development of the United States and to the

quality of life of individuals.

- **6.1.12.EconEM.2.c** Analyze how technological developments transformed the economy, created international markets, and affected the environment in New Jersey and the nation.
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.2.b** Use multiple sources to evaluate the effectiveness of the Northwest Ordinance in resolving disputes over Western lands and the expansion of slavery.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.b** Judge the fairness of government treaties, policies, and actions that resulted in Native American migration and removal.

## 7. EARLY DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENTS

### • THE ERA OF GOOD FEELINGS

### • THE AGE OF JACKSON

- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.3.a** Use evidence to demonstrate how states' rights (i.e., Nullification) and sectional interests influenced party politics and shaped national policies (i.e., the Missouri Compromise and the Compromise of 1850).
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.3.a** Analyze primary and secondary sources to determine the extent to which local and state issues, publications, and the rise of interest group and party politics impacted the development of democratic institutions and practices.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.b** Judge the fairness of government treaties, policies, and actions that resulted in Native American migration and removal.

## 8. THE CULTURE AND ECONOMY OF THE EARLY UNITED STATES

### • CULTURAL DEVELOPMENTS THROUGH THE EARLY 1800S

- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.2.a** Research multiple perspectives to explain the struggle to create an American identity.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.2.a** Construct responses to arguments in support of new rights and roles for women and for arguments explaining the reasons against them.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.2.c** Explain why American ideals put forth in the Constitution have been denied to different groups of people throughout time (i.e., due process, rule of law and individual rights).
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.a** Compare and contrast the successes and failures of political and social reform movements in New Jersey and the nation during the Antebellum period (i.e., the 1844 State Constitution, abolition, women's rights, and temperance).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.3.a** Evaluate the role of religion, music, literature, and media in shaping contemporary American culture over different time periods.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.3.a** Evaluate the impact of education in improving economic opportunities and in the development of responsible citizens.

### • THE EARLY AMERICAN ECONOMY

- **6.1.12.EconGE.3.a** Analyze how technological developments transformed the economy, created international markets, and affected the environment in New Jersey and the nation.
- **6.1.12.EconET.3.a** Relate the wealth of natural resources to the economic development of the United States and to the quality of life of individuals.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.2.c** Analyze how technological developments transformed the economy, created international markets, and affected the environment in New Jersey and the nation.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.2.a** Explain how the United States economy emerged from British mercantilism.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).

## 9. LIFE IN THE WEST

### • SETTLING THE WEST

- **6.1.12.GeoSV.3.a** Evaluate the impact of Western settlement on the expansion of United States political boundaries.

- **6.1.12.EconET.3.a** *Relate the wealth of natural resources to the economic development of the United States and to the quality of life of individuals.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** *Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.b** *Judge the fairness of government treaties, policies, and actions that resulted in Native American migration and removal.*
- **6.1.12.EconGE.3.a** *Analyze how technological developments transformed the economy, created international markets, and affected the environment in New Jersey and the nation.*

- **CONFLICTS WITH AMERICAN INDIANS**

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** *Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.b** *Judge the fairness of government treaties, policies, and actions that resulted in Native American migration and removal.*
- **6.1.12.EconET.3.a** *Relate the wealth of natural resources to the economic development of the United States and to the quality of life of individuals.*

## 10. POPULATION AND INDUSTRIAL GROWTH

- **IMMIGRATION AND URBANIZATION IN AMERICA**

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** *Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.3.b** *Use primary sources representing multiple perspectives to explain the impact of immigration on American society and the economy and the various responses to increased immigration.*
- **6.1.12.EconGE.3.a** *Analyze how technological developments transformed the economy, created international markets, and affected the environment in New Jersey and the nation.*

- **INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENTS**

- **6.1.12.EconGE.3.a** *Analyze how technological developments transformed the economy, created international markets, and affected the environment in New Jersey and the nation.*

## 11. AFRICAN AMERICAN LIFE AND THE FIGHT AGAINST SLAVERY

- **AFRICAN AMERICAN LIFE THROUGH THE EARLY 1800S**

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.2.c** *Explain why American ideals put forth in the Constitution have been denied to different groups of people throughout time (i.e., due process, rule of law and individual rights).*
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.b** *Examine a variety of sources from multiple perspectives on slavery and evaluate the claims used to justify the arguments.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.4.a** *Draw from multiple sources to explain the ways in which prevailing attitudes, socioeconomic factors, and government actions (i.e., the Fugitive Slave Act and Dred Scott Decision) in the North and South (i.e., Secession) led to the Civil War.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.2.b** *Analyze the impact and contributions of African American leaders and institutions in the development and activities of black communities in the North and South before and after the Civil War.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.c** *Examine the origins of the antislavery movement and the impact of particular events, such as the Amistad decision, on the movement.*

- **THE ABOLITION MOVEMENT**

## 12. REGIONAL CONFLICTS

- **REGIONAL ECONOMIES OF THE UNITED STATES**

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** *Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers,*

American/Latin American, American/Asian).

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.b** Examine a variety of sources from multiple perspectives on slavery and evaluate the claims used to justify the arguments.
- **6.1.12.EconET.3.a** Relate the wealth of natural resources to the economic development of the United States and to the quality of life of individuals.

- **COMPROMISES FOR FREE AND SLAVE STATES**

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.2.c** Explain why American ideals put forth in the Constitution have been denied to different groups of people throughout time (i.e., due process, rule of law and individual rights).
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.b** Examine a variety of sources from multiple perspectives on slavery and evaluate the claims used to justify the arguments.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.c** Examine the origins of the antislavery movement and the impact of particular events, such as the Amistad decision, on the movement.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.3.a** Analyze primary and secondary sources to determine the extent to which local and state issues, publications, and the rise of interest group and party politics impacted the development of democratic institutions and practices.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.3.a** Use evidence to demonstrate how states' rights (i.e., Nullification) and sectional interests influenced party politics and shaped national policies (i.e., the Missouri Compromise and the Compromise of 1850).

- **CONFLICTS WITH MEXICO**

## 13. MAJOR CULTURAL DEVELOPMENTS IN THE MID-1800S

- **CULTURAL DEVELOPMENTS IN THE MID-1800S**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.3.a** Evaluate the role of religion, music, literature, and media in shaping contemporary American culture over different time periods.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.b** Examine a variety of sources from multiple perspectives on slavery and evaluate the claims used to justify the arguments.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.c** Examine the origins of the antislavery movement and the impact of particular events, such as the Amistad decision, on the movement.

- **THE FIGHT FOR WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.a** Compare and contrast the successes and failures of political and social reform movements in New Jersey and the nation during the Antebellum period (i.e., the 1844 State Constitution, abolition, women's rights, and temperance).
- **6.1.12.EconNE.3.a** Evaluate the impact of education in improving economic opportunities and in the development of responsible citizens.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.b** Analyze how ideas found in key documents contributed to demanding equality for all (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address).

## 14. THE CIVIL WAR

- **THE PATH TO CIVIL WAR**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.4.a** Draw from multiple sources to explain the ways in which prevailing attitudes, socioeconomic factors, and government actions (i.e., the Fugitive Slave Act and Dred Scott Decision) in the North and South (i.e., Secession) led to the Civil War.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.b** Analyze how ideas found in key documents contributed to demanding equality for all (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address).

- **THE DIVIDED NATION AT WAR**

- **6.1.12.EconET.4.a** Assess the role that economics played in enabling the North and South to wage war.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.4.a** Draw from multiple sources to explain the ways in which prevailing attitudes, socioeconomic factors, and government actions (i.e., the Fugitive Slave Act and Dred Scott Decision) in the North and South (i.e., Secession) led to the Civil War.

- **THE UNION VICTORY**

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.b** Analyze how ideas found in key documents contributed to demanding equality for all (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address).
- **6.1.12.EconET.4.a** Assess the role that economics played in enabling the North and South to wage war.
- **6.1.12.GeoSV.4.a** Use maps and primary sources to describe the impact geography had on military, political, and economic decisions during the civil war.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.4.b** Use primary sources to compare and contrast the experiences of African Americans who lived in Union and Confederate states before and during the Civil War.
- **6.1.12.HistoryNM.5.a** Compare and contrast economic developments and long-term effects of the Civil War on the economics of the North and the South.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.4.a** Compare and contrast the immediate and long-term effects of the Civil War on the economies of the North and South.

## 15. RECONSTRUCTION

- **RECONSTRUCTING THE SOUTH**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.4.c** Analyze the debate about how to reunite the country and determine the extent to which enacted Reconstruction policies achieved their goals.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.4.a** Relate conflicting political, economic, social, and sectional perspectives on Reconstruction to the resistance of some Southern individuals and states.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.4.a** Compare and contrast the immediate and long-term effects of the Civil War on the economies of the North and South.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.a** Compare and contrast historians' interpretations of the impact of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments on African American's ability to participate in influencing governmental policies.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.4.a** Analyze the extent of change in the relationship between the national and state governments as a result of the Civil War and the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments during the 19th century.

- **THE EFFECTS OF RECONSTRUCTION**

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.a** Compare and contrast historians' interpretations of the impact of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments on African American's ability to participate in influencing governmental policies.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.4.a** Analyze the extent of change in the relationship between the national and state governments as a result of the Civil War and the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments during the 19th century.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.4.a** Relate conflicting political, economic, social, and sectional perspectives on Reconstruction to the resistance of some Southern individuals and states.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.4.a** Compare and contrast the immediate and long-term effects of the Civil War on the economies of the North and South.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.4.c** Analyze the debate about how to reunite the country and determine the extent to which enacted Reconstruction policies achieved their goals.

## 16. SKILLS FOR SOCIAL STUDIES

- **READING HISTORICAL EVIDENCE**
- **UNDERSTANDING CONTEXT AND BIAS IN U.S. HISTORY**
- **UNDERSTANDING CAUSATION AND ARGUMENTATION IN HISTORY**

## 17. OUR FOUNDING DOCUMENTS

- **THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.2.b** Assess the importance of the intellectual origins of the Foundational Documents and assess their importance on the spread of democracy around the world (i.e., Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and Bill of Rights).
- **6.1.12.EconGE.1.a** Explain how economic ideas and the practices of mercantilism and capitalism conflicted during this time period.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.b** Analyze how ideas found in key documents contributed to demanding equality for all (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address).
- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.1.a** Use multiple sources to analyze the factors that led to an increase in the political rights and participation in government.

- **THE CREATION OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTION**

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.b** Analyze how ideas found in key documents contributed to demanding equality for all (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.2.b** Assess the importance of the intellectual origins of the Foundational Documents and assess their importance on the spread of democracy around the world (i.e., Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and Bill of Rights).
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.a** Prepare and articulate a point of view about the importance of individual rights, separation of powers, and governmental structure in New Jersey's 1776 constitution and the United States Constitution.

- **RATIFYING AND AMENDING THE U.S. CONSTITUTION**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.2.a** Compare and contrast the arguments of Federalists and Anti-Federalists during the ratification debates and assess their continuing relevance.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.b** Examine the emergence of early political parties and their views on centralized government and foreign affairs and compare these positions with those of today's political parties.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.a** Prepare and articulate a point of view about the importance of individual rights, separation of powers, and governmental structure in New Jersey's 1776 constitution and the United States Constitution.

## 18. ON THE FRONTIER

- **AMERICAN INDIANS IN THE WEST**

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.3.b** Judge the fairness of government treaties, policies, and actions that resulted in Native American migration and removal.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.5.a** Analyze the effectiveness of governmental policies and of actions by groups and individuals to address discrimination against new immigrants, Native Americans, and African Americans.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a** Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g., Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).

- **WESTWARD EXPANSION AND THE ECONOMY**

- **6.1.12.GeoPP.5.a** Explain how the Homestead Act, the availability of land and natural resources, and the development of transcontinental railroads and waterways promoted the growth of a nationwide economy and the movement of populations.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.5.a** Assess the impact of governmental efforts to regulate industrial and financial systems in order to provide economic stability.

## 19. THE SECOND INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION: PART 1

- **THE RISE OF INDUSTRY**

- **6.1.12.GeoPP.5.a** Explain how the Homestead Act, the availability of land and natural resources, and the development of transcontinental railroads and waterways promoted the growth of a nationwide economy and the movement of populations.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.5.a** Analyze the economic practices of corporations and monopolies regarding the production and marketing of goods and determine the positive or negative impact of these practices on individuals and the nation and the need for government regulations.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.b** Explore factors that promoted innovation, entrepreneurship, and industrialization and determine their

impact on New Jersey (i.e., Paterson Silk Strike) and the United States during this period.

- **6.1.12.GeoHE.6.a** Compare and contrast issues involved in the struggle between the unregulated development of natural resources and efforts to conserve and protect natural resources during the period of industrial expansion.
- **6.1.12.HistoryNM.5.b** Analyze the cyclical nature of the economy and the impact of periods of expansion and recession on businesses and individuals.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.6.a** Determine how supply and demand influenced price and output during the Industrial Revolution.

- **CORPORATIONS, CAPITALISM, AND THE CAPTAINS OF INDUSTRY**

- **6.1.12.EconEM.5.a** Analyze the economic practices of corporations and monopolies regarding the production and marketing of goods and determine the positive or negative impact of these practices on individuals and the nation and the need for government regulations.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.6.a** Determine how supply and demand influenced price and output during the Industrial Revolution.
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.5.a** Explain how the Homestead Act, the availability of land and natural resources, and the development of transcontinental railroads and waterways promoted the growth of a nationwide economy and the movement of populations.
- **6.1.12.HistoryNM.5.b** Analyze the cyclical nature of the economy and the impact of periods of expansion and recession on businesses and individuals.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.b** Explore factors that promoted innovation, entrepreneurship, and industrialization and determine their impact on New Jersey (i.e., Paterson Silk Strike) and the United States during this period.
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.6.a** Compare and contrast issues involved in the struggle between the unregulated development of natural resources and efforts to conserve and protect natural resources during the period of industrial expansion.

## 20. THE SECOND INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION: PART 2

- **CULTURE OF THE GILDED AGE**

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.5.a** Analyze the effectiveness of governmental policies and of actions by groups and individuals to address discrimination against new immigrants, Native Americans, and African Americans.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.5.a** Analyze the economic practices of corporations and monopolies regarding the production and marketing of goods and determine the positive or negative impact of these practices on individuals and the nation and the need for government regulations.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.5.a** Evaluate how events led to the creation of labor and agricultural organizations and determine the impact of those organizations on workers' rights, the economy, and politics across time periods.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.6.a** Analyze the impact of money, investment, credit, savings, debt, and financial institutions on the development of the nation and the lives of individuals.

- **POLITICS OF THE GILDED AGE**

- **6.1.12.EconEM.5.a** Assess the impact of governmental efforts to regulate industrial and financial systems in order to provide economic stability.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.5.a** Evaluate how events led to the creation of labor and agricultural organizations and determine the impact of those organizations on workers' rights, the economy, and politics across time periods.

## 21. LABOR, IMMIGRATION, AND THE CITY

- **INDUSTRIAL WORKERS AND LABOR REFORM**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.5.a** Evaluate how events led to the creation of labor and agricultural organizations and determine the impact of those organizations on workers' rights, the economy, and politics across time periods.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.5.a** Analyze the economic practices of corporations and monopolies regarding the production and marketing of goods and determine the positive or negative impact of these practices on individuals and the nation and the need for government regulations.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.5.a** Using primary sources, relate varying immigrants' experiences to gender, race, ethnicity, or occupation.
- **6.1.12.HistoryNM.5.b** Analyze the cyclical nature of the economy and the impact of periods of expansion and recession on businesses and individuals.
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.5.a** Generate/make an evidence-based argument regarding the impact of rapid urbanization on the environment and on the quality of life in cities.

- **URBANIZATION AND ITS CHALLENGES**



- **URBANIZATION AND ITS CHALLENGES**

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.5.a** *Using primary sources, relate varying immigrants' experiences to gender, race, ethnicity, or occupation.*
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.5.a** *Generate/make an evidence-based argument regarding the impact of rapid urbanization on the environment and on the quality of life in cities.*
- **6.1.12.EconEM.5.a** *Analyze the economic practices of corporations and monopolies regarding the production and marketing of goods and determine the positive or negative impact of these practices on individuals and the nation and the need for government regulations.*
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.5.a** *Explain how the Homestead Act, the availability of land and natural resources, and the development of transcontinental railroads and waterways promoted the growth of a nationwide economy and the movement of populations.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryNM.5.b** *Analyze the cyclical nature of the economy and the impact of periods of expansion and recession on businesses and individuals.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.5.a** *Analyze the effectiveness of governmental policies and of actions by groups and individuals to address discrimination against new immigrants, Native Americans, and African Americans.*

- **PATTERNS OF IMMIGRATION**

- **6.1.12.GeoPP.5.a** *Explain how the Homestead Act, the availability of land and natural resources, and the development of transcontinental railroads and waterways promoted the growth of a nationwide economy and the movement of populations.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.5.a** *Using primary sources, relate varying immigrants' experiences to gender, race, ethnicity, or occupation.*
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.5.a** *Generate/make an evidence-based argument regarding the impact of rapid urbanization on the environment and on the quality of life in cities.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.5.a** *Analyze the effectiveness of governmental policies and of actions by groups and individuals to address discrimination against new immigrants, Native Americans, and African Americans.*

## 22. THE PROGRESSIVE ERA: PART 1

- **SOCIAL REFORM IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.6.a** *Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to evaluate the effectiveness of Progressive reforms in preventing unfair business practices and political corruption and in promoting social justice.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.6.a** *Evaluate the effectiveness of labor and agricultural organizations in improving economic opportunities and rights for various groups.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.d** *Analyze the successes and failures of efforts to expand women's rights, including the work of important leaders and the eventual ratification of the 19th Amendment (i.e., Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Susan B. Anthony, Alice Paul, and Lucy Stone).*
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.5.a** *Generate/make an evidence-based argument regarding the impact of rapid urbanization on the environment and on the quality of life in cities.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.6.a** *Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to document the ways in which women organized to promote government policies designed to address injustice, inequality, and workplace safety (i.e., abolition, women's suffrage, and the temperance movement).*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.5.a** *Analyze the effectiveness of governmental policies and of actions by groups and individuals to address discrimination against new immigrants, Native Americans, and African Americans.*

- **SUFFRAGE AND CIVIL RIGHTS IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.6.a** *Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to evaluate the effectiveness of Progressive reforms in preventing unfair business practices and political corruption and in promoting social justice.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.d** *Analyze the successes and failures of efforts to expand women's rights, including the work of important leaders and the eventual ratification of the 19th Amendment (i.e., Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Susan B. Anthony, Alice Paul, and Lucy Stone).*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.6.a** *Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to document the ways in which women organized to promote government policies designed to address injustice, inequality, and workplace safety (i.e., abolition, women's suffrage, and the temperance movement).*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.6.a** *Evaluate the effectiveness of labor and agricultural organizations in improving economic opportunities and rights for various groups.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.6.b** *Relate the creation of African American advocacy organizations (i.e., the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People) to United States Supreme Court decisions (i.e., Plessy v. Ferguson) and state and local governmental policies.*

## 23. THE PROGRESSIVE ERA: PART 2

### ● POLITICAL REFORM IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA

- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.6.a** Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to evaluate the effectiveness of Progressive reforms in preventing unfair business practices and political corruption and in promoting social justice.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.6.a** Evaluate the effectiveness of labor and agricultural organizations in improving economic opportunities and rights for various groups.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.d** Analyze the successes and failures of efforts to expand women's rights, including the work of important leaders and the eventual ratification of the 19th Amendment (i.e., Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Susan B. Anthony, Alice Paul, and Lucy Stone).

### ● ECONOMIC REFORM IN THE PROGRESSIVE ERA

- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.6.a** Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to evaluate the effectiveness of Progressive reforms in preventing unfair business practices and political corruption and in promoting social justice.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.6.a** Evaluate the effectiveness of labor and agricultural organizations in improving economic opportunities and rights for various groups.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.b** Explore factors that promoted innovation, entrepreneurship, and industrialization and determine their impact on New Jersey (i.e., Paterson Silk Strike) and the United States during this period.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.6.a** Analyze the impact of money, investment, credit, savings, debt, and financial institutions on the development of the nation and the lives of individuals.

## 24. AMERICAN IMPERIALISM

### ● THE DRIVE FOR EXPANSION

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.b** Explore factors that promoted innovation, entrepreneurship, and industrialization and determine their impact on New Jersey (i.e., Paterson Silk Strike) and the United States during this period.
- **6.1.12.GeoGM.6.a** Determine the role geography played in gaining access to raw materials and finding new global markets to promote trade.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.c** Compare and contrast the foreign policies of American presidents during this time period and analyze how these presidents contributed to the United States becoming a world power.

### ● THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.c** Compare and contrast the foreign policies of American presidents during this time period and analyze how these presidents contributed to the United States becoming a world power.
- **6.1.12.GeoGM.6.a** Determine the role geography played in gaining access to raw materials and finding new global markets to promote trade.

### ● AMERICA EXPANDS: HAWAII, PANAMA, AND BEYOND

## 25. WORLD WAR I: PART 1

### ● WORLD WAR I: THE BIGGER PICTURE

- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.7.b** Analyze the reasons for the policy of neutrality regarding World War I and explain why the United States eventually entered the war.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.7.a** Take a position based on evidence that evaluates the effectiveness of Woodrow Wilson's leadership during and immediately after WWI and compare it to another president's wartime leadership.

### ● ON THE WAR FRONT

### ● ON THE HOME FRONT

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.7.a** Evaluate the impact of government policies designed to promote patriotism and to protect national security during times of war on individual rights (i.e., the Espionage Act and the Sedition Amendment).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.7.a** Determine the extent to which propaganda, the media, and special interest groups shaped American public opinion and American foreign policy during World War I and compare those factors to contemporary American

*involvement in another country.*

- **6.1.12.EconNM.7.a** *Assess the immediate and long-term impact of women and African Americans entering the work force in large numbers during World War I.*

## 26. WORLD WAR I: PART 2

### ● THE AFRICAN AMERICAN WARTIME EXPERIENCE

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.a** *Make evidence-based inferences to explain why the Great Migration led to heightened racial tensions, restrictive laws, a rise in repressive organizations, and an increase in violence.*
- **6.1.12.EconNM.8.a** *Analyze the push-pull factors that led to the Great Migration.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.7.a** *Evaluate the impact of government policies designed to promote patriotism and to protect national security during times of war on individual rights (i.e., the Espionage Act and the Sedition Amendment).*
- **6.1.12.EconNM.7.a** *Assess the immediate and long-term impact of women and African Americans entering the work force in large numbers during World War I.*

### ● OUTCOMES OF THE WAR: AMERICA AS A WORLD POWER

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.7.a** *Take a position based on evidence that evaluates the effectiveness of Woodrow Wilson's leadership during and immediately after WWI and compare it to another president's wartime leadership.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.7.c** *Evaluate the American government's response to the rise of authoritarian regimes between the world wars and compare that response to the rise of a modern authoritarian regime (e.g., North Korea, Venezuela, Syria, China, Iran).*
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.7.a** *Analyze the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations from the perspectives of different countries.*

## 27. AMERICA IN THE 1920S: PART 1

### ● A TIME OF EASE: THE POST WAR ECONOMIC BOOM

- **6.1.12.GeoHE.8.a** *Determine the impact of the expansion of agricultural production into marginal farmlands and other ineffective agricultural practices on people and the environment.*
- **6.1.12.EconET.8.a** *Relate social, cultural, and technological changes in the interwar period to the rise of a consumer economy and the changing role and status of women.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.b** *Relate government policies to the prosperity of the country during the 1920s and determine the impact of these policies on business and the consumer.*

### ● A TIME OF FEAR: THE RED SCARE, NATIVISM, AND RACISM

- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.8.a** *Analyze primary and secondary sources to explain how social intolerance, xenophobia, and fear of anarchism led to restrictive immigration and refugee laws, and the violation of the human rights of individuals and groups.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.a** *Make evidence-based inferences to explain why the Great Migration led to heightened racial tensions, restrictive laws, a rise in repressive organizations, and an increase in violence.*

## 28. AMERICA IN THE 1920S: PART 2

### ● SOCIAL CONFLICT AND CHANGE

- **6.1.12.EconET.8.a** *Relate social, cultural, and technological changes in the interwar period to the rise of a consumer economy and the changing role and status of women.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.8.a** *Analyze primary and secondary sources to explain how social intolerance, xenophobia, and fear of anarchism led to restrictive immigration and refugee laws, and the violation of the human rights of individuals and groups.*

### ● MODERN ARTS: THE HARLEM RENAISSANCE AND THE ROARING '20S

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.a** *Make evidence-based inferences to explain why the Great Migration led to heightened racial tensions, restrictive laws, a rise in repressive organizations, and an increase in violence.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.b** *Relate government policies to the prosperity of the country during the 1920s and determine the impact of these policies on business and the consumer.*
- **6.1.12.EconET.8.a** *Relate social, cultural, and technological changes in the interwar period to the rise of a consumer*

economy and the changing role and status of women.

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.c** Identify the conditions that gave rise to the Harlem Renaissance and assess the impact of artists, writers, and musicians on American culture.

## 29. THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE NEW DEAL

### ● CAUSES OF THE GREAT DEPRESSION

- **6.1.12.EconNE.9.a** Explain how economic indicators are used to evaluate the health of the economy (i.e., gross domestic product, the consumer price index, the national debt, and the trade deficit).
- **6.1.12.A.9.a** Analyze how the actions and policies of the United States government contributed to the Great Depression.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.9.a** Explore the global context of the Great Depression and the reasons for the worldwide economic collapse.

### ● THE DUST BOWL AND THE IMPACTS OF THE GREAT DEPRESSION

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.9.a** Analyze the impact of the Great Depression on the American family and ethnic and racial minorities.
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.9.a** Determine how agricultural practices, overproduction, and the Dust Bowl intensified the worsening economic situation during the Great Depression.

### ● THE NEW DEAL

- **6.1.12.EconEM.10.a** Construct a claim that evaluates short- and long-term impact of the expanded role of government on economic policy, capitalism, and society.
- **6.1.12.EconoNM.10.a** Evaluate the effectiveness of economic regulations and standards established during this time period in combating the Great Depression.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.10.b** Assess the effectiveness of governmental policies enacted during the New Deal period in protecting the welfare of individuals (i.e., FDIC, NLRB, and Social Security).
- **6.1.12.EconoNM.10.b** Compare and contrast the economic ideologies of the two major political parties regarding the role of government during the New Deal and today.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.9.d** Explain the interdependence of various parts of a market economy (i.e., private enterprise, government programs, and the Federal Reserve System).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.10.a** Explain how Franklin Roosevelt and other key individuals, including minorities and women, shaped the core ideologies and policies of the New Deal (i.e., Mary McLeod Bethune, Frances Perkins, and Eleanor Roosevelt).
- **6.1.12.EconNE.9.c** Explain how government can adjust taxes, interest rates, and spending and use other policies to restore the country's economic health.

## 30. WORLD WAR II: PART 1

### ● FROM ISOLATIONISM TO INVOLVEMENT

- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.11.b** Evaluate the effectiveness of international agreements following World War I in preventing international disputes (e.g., League of Nations, Treaty of Versailles, Washington Naval Conference, Kellogg-Briand Pact).

### ● MOBILIZATION AND THE HOME FRONT

- **6.1.12.EconET.11.a** Evaluate the shift in economic resources from the production of domestic to military goods during World War II in terms of opportunity costs and trade-offs and analyze the impact of the post-war shift back to domestic production.

### ● WAR ON MANY FRONTS

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.b** Analyze the roles of various alliances among nations and their leaders in the conduct and outcomes of the World War II.

## 31. WORLD WAR II: PART 2

### ● THE HOLOCAUST

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.d** Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust.

- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.11.a** *Assess the responses of the United States and other nations to the violation of human rights that occurred during the Holocaust and other genocides.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.11.b** *Explain the reasons for the creation of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and evaluate the effectiveness of United Nations' human rights policies and the commitment of the United States to them.*

- **OPPORTUNITIES AND OBSTACLES**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.c** *Explain why women, African Americans, Native Americans, Asian Americans, and other minority groups often expressed a strong sense of nationalism despite the discrimination they experienced in the military and workforce.*
- **6.1.12.EconNM.11.a** *Analyze how scientific advancements, including advancements in agricultural technology, impacted the national and global economies and daily life.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.11.a** *Use a variety of sources to determine if American policies towards the Japanese during WWII were a denial of civil rights.*

- **THE END OF THE WAR**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.b** *Analyze the roles of various alliances among nations and their leaders in the conduct and outcomes of the World War II.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.a** *Assess the impact of the arms race and the proliferation of nuclear weapons on world power, security, and national foreign policy.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.11.a** *Evaluate the role of New Jersey (i.e., defense industries, Seabrook Farms, military installations, and Battleship New Jersey) and prominent New Jersey citizens (i.e., Albert Einstein) in World War II.*
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.12.a** *Explain the reasons for the creation of the United Nations and evaluate the effectiveness of United Nations' human rights policies and the commitment of the United States to them.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.11.b** *Explain the reasons for the creation of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and evaluate the effectiveness of United Nations' human rights policies and the commitment of the United States to them.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.11.a** *Assess the responses of the United States and other nations to the violation of human rights that occurred during the Holocaust and other genocides.*

## 32. THE COLD WAR: PART 1

- **THE BEGINNINGS OF THE COLD WAR**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.e** *Analyze ideological differences and other factors that contributed to the Cold War and to United States involvement in conflicts intended to contain communism, including the Korean War, the Cuban Missile Crisis, and the Vietnam War.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.c** *Analyze efforts to eliminate communism, such as McCarthyism, and their impact on individual civil liberties.*

- **THE KOREAN WAR AND THE EISENHOWER YEARS**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.e** *Analyze ideological differences and other factors that contributed to the Cold War and to United States involvement in conflicts intended to contain communism, including the Korean War, the Cuban Missile Crisis, and the Vietnam War.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.b** *Analyze the impact of American governmental policies on independence movements in Africa, Asia, Latin America and the Middle East.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.a** *Examine constitutional issues involving war powers, as they relate to United States military intervention in the Korean War, the Vietnam War, and other conflicts.*

- **THE ARMS RACE AND THE SPACE RACE**

- **6.1.12.HistorySE.15.c** *Evaluate the role of diplomacy in developing peaceful relations, alliances, and global agreements with other nations.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.a** *Assess the impact of the arms race and the proliferation of nuclear weapons on world power, security, and national foreign policy.*
- **6.1.12.EconNE.12.a** *Explain the implications and outcomes of the Space Race from the perspectives of the scientific community, the government, and the people.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.d** *Explain how the development and proliferation of nuclear weapons affected international relations.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.e** *Analyze ideological differences and other factors that contributed to the Cold War and to United*

States involvement in conflicts intended to contain communism, including the Korean War, the Cuban Missile Crisis, and the Vietnam War.

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.b** Analyze the impact of American governmental policies on independence movements in Africa, Asia, Latin America and the Middle East.

### 33. THE COLD WAR: PART 2

#### ● THE VIETNAM WAR

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.e** Analyze ideological differences and other factors that contributed to the Cold War and to United States involvement in conflicts intended to contain communism, including the Korean War, the Cuban Missile Crisis, and the Vietnam War.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.b** Analyze the impact of American governmental policies on independence movements in Africa, Asia, Latin America and the Middle East.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.a** Examine constitutional issues involving war powers, as they relate to United States military intervention in the Korean War, the Vietnam War, and other conflicts.

#### ● THE LAST YEARS OF THE COLD WAR

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.b** Analyze the impact of American governmental policies on independence movements in Africa, Asia, Latin America and the Middle East.
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.16.a** Analyze the impact of American culture on other world cultures and determine the impact of social media on the dissemination of American culture.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.15.a** Analyze the factors that led to the fall of communism in Eastern European countries and the Soviet Union and determine how the fall influenced the global power structure.

### 34. THE MIDCENTURY BOOM

#### ● PROSPERITY AND CHANGE AFTER WORLD WAR II

- **6.1.12.EconEM.12.a** Assess the role of the public and private sectors in promoting economic growth and ensuring economic stability.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.13.a** Relate American economic expansion after World War II to increased consumer demand.
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.13.a** Make evidence-based inferences to determine the factors that led to migration from American cities to suburbs in the 1950s and 1960s and describe how this movement impacted cities.

#### ● DOMESTIC PROGRAMS IN THE 1950S AND 1960S

- **6.1.12.EconNE.13.b** Evaluate the effectiveness of social legislation that was enacted to end poverty in the 1960s and today by assessing the economic impact on the economy (e.g., inflation, recession, taxation, deficit spending, employment, education).
- **6.1.12.EconNE.13.a** Evaluate the effectiveness of economic policies that sought to combat post-World War II inflation.
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.13.a** Construct an argument on the effectiveness of environmental movements, their influence on public attitudes, and the efficacy of the government's environmental protection agencies and laws.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.b** Determine past and present factors that led to the widening of the gap between the rich and poor, and evaluate how this has affected individuals and society.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a** Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, *Brown v. Board of Education*, and *Roe v. Wade*).
- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.13.a** Determine the extent to which suburban living and television supported conformity and stereotyping during this time period, while new music, art, and literature acted as catalysts for the counterculture movement.
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.13.b** Use quantitative data and other sources to describe the extent to which changes in national policy impacted immigration to New Jersey and the United States after 1965.

### 35. RETHINKING AMERICA

#### ● CULTURAL RESPONSES TO VIETNAM AND WATERGATE

- **6.1.12.HistoryUP.13.a** Determine the extent to which suburban living and television supported conformity and stereotyping during this time period, while new music, art, and literature acted as catalysts for the counterculture movement.

- **THE WARREN COURT**

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a** Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, *Brown v. Board of Education*, and *Roe v. Wade*).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.c** Determine the impetus for the Civil Rights Movement and generate an evidence-based argument that evaluates the federal actions taken to ensure civil rights for African Americans.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.d** Analyze the successes and failures of women's rights organizations, the American Indian Movement, and *La Raza* in their pursuit of civil rights and equal opportunities.

## 36. CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENTS: PART 1

- **THE GROWTH OF THE AFRICAN AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.c** Determine the impetus for the Civil Rights Movement and generate an evidence-based argument that evaluates the federal actions taken to ensure civil rights for African Americans.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a** Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, *Brown v. Board of Education*, and *Roe v. Wade*).
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b** Use a variety of sources from diverse perspective to analyze the social, economic and political contributions of marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals.

- **KEY FIGURES IN THE AFRICAN AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT**

- **6.1.12.EconEM.13.a** Explain how individuals and organizations used economic measures as weapons in the struggle for civil and human rights (e.g., the Montgomery Bus Boycott, sit downs).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.a** Compare and contrast the leadership and ideology of Martin Luther King, Jr., and Malcolm X during the Civil Rights Movement, and evaluate their legacies.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b** Use a variety of sources from diverse perspective to analyze the social, economic and political contributions of marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals.

- **THE HEIGHT OF THE AFRICAN AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT**

- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b** Use a variety of sources from diverse perspective to analyze the social, economic and political contributions of marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.13.a** Explain how individuals and organizations used economic measures as weapons in the struggle for civil and human rights (e.g., the Montgomery Bus Boycott, sit downs).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.c** Determine the impetus for the Civil Rights Movement and generate an evidence-based argument that evaluates the federal actions taken to ensure civil rights for African Americans.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a** Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, *Brown v. Board of Education*, and *Roe v. Wade*).

## 37. CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENTS: PART 2

- **THE AMERICAN INDIAN AND HISPANIC AMERICAN MOVEMENTS**

- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.d** Analyze the successes and failures of women's rights organizations, the American Indian Movement, and *La Raza* in their pursuit of civil rights and equal opportunities.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b** Use a variety of sources from diverse perspective to analyze the social, economic and political contributions of marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.13.a** Explain how individuals and organizations used economic measures as weapons in the struggle for civil and human rights (e.g., the Montgomery Bus Boycott, sit downs).
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a** Explore the various ways women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities have contributed to the American economy, politics and society.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a** Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, *Brown v. Board of Education*, and *Roe v. Wade*).
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.13.b** Use quantitative data and other sources to describe the extent to which changes in national policy impacted immigration to New Jersey and the United States after 1965.

## • THE FEMINIST MOVEMENT

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a** Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, *Brown v. Board of Education*, and *Roe v. Wade*).
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.d** Analyze the successes and failures of women's rights organizations, the American Indian Movement, and *La Raza* in their pursuit of civil rights and equal opportunities.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b** Use a variety of sources from diverse perspective to analyze the social, economic and political contributions of marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a** Explore the various ways women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities have contributed to the American economy, politics and society.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.b** Explore the reasons for the changing role of women in the labor force in post-WWII America and determine its impact on society, politics, and the economy.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.13.a** Use a variety of sources to explain the relationship between the changing role of women in the labor force and changes in family structure.

## • CHANGES AND NEW STRUGGLES

- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a** Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, *Brown v. Board of Education*, and *Roe v. Wade*).
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.c** Analyze how the Supreme Court has interpreted the Constitution to define and expand individual rights and use evidence to document the long-term impact of these decisions on the protection of civil and human rights.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.14.a** Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to explain the conflicting ideologies and actions of political parties regarding spending priorities, the role of government in the economy, and social reforms.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.14.a** Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to determine the extent to which nongovernmental organizations, special interest groups, third party political groups, and the media affect public policy.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.b** Create an evidence-based argument that assesses the effectiveness of actions taken to address the causes of continuing racial tensions and violence.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.d** Analyze the successes and failures of women's rights organizations, the American Indian Movement, and *La Raza* in their pursuit of civil rights and equal opportunities.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a** Explore the various ways women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities have contributed to the American economy, politics and society.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.b** Explore the reasons for the changing role of women in the labor force in post-WWII America and determine its impact on society, politics, and the economy.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.13.a** Use a variety of sources to explain the relationship between the changing role of women in the labor force and changes in family structure.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.a** Draw from multiple perspectives to evaluate the effectiveness and fairness of the processes by which local, state, and national officials are elected.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.c** Determine the influence of multicultural beliefs, products (i.e., art, food, music, and literature), and practices in shaping contemporary American culture.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b** Use a variety of sources from diverse perspective to analyze the social, economic and political contributions of marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals.

## 38. GLOBALIZATION AND AMERICA TODAY

### • GLOBAL ECONOMICS AFTER THE COLD WAR

- **6.1.12.GeoHE.16.a** Explain why natural resources (i.e., fossil fuels, food, and water) continue to be a source of conflict and analyze how the United States and other nations have addressed issues concerning the distribution and sustainability of natural resources and climate change.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.15.a** Assess economic priorities related to international and domestic needs, as reflected in the national budget.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.16.b** Evaluate the economic, political, and social impact of new and emerging technologies on individuals and nations.
- **6.1.12.EconEM.12.a** Assess the role of the public and private sectors in promoting economic growth and ensuring economic stability.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.14.a** Use economic indicators to evaluate the effectiveness of state and national fiscal (i.e., government



spending and taxation) and monetary (i.e., interest rates) policies.

- **6.1.12.EconET.14.b** Analyze economic trends, income distribution, labor participation (i.e., employment, the composition of the work force), and government and consumer debt and their impact on society.
- **6.1.12.EconGE.16.a** Use quantitative data and other sources to assess the impact of international trade, global business organizations, and overseas competition on the United States economy and workforce.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.16.a** Make evidenced-base inferences regarding the impact of technology on the global workforce and on entrepreneurship.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.9.b** Compare and contrast the causes and outcomes of the stock market crash in 1929 with other periods of economic instability.

#### ● GLOBALIZATION, HEALTH, AND THE ENVIRONMENT

- **6.1.12.GeoHE.16.a** Explain why natural resources (i.e., fossil fuels, food, and water) continue to be a source of conflict and analyze how the United States and other nations have addressed issues concerning the distribution and sustainability of natural resources and climate change.
- **6.1.12.GeoHE.14.a** Evaluate the impact of individual, business, and government decisions and actions on the environment and climate change and assess the efficacy of government policies and agencies in New Jersey and the United States in addressing these decisions.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.d** Use primary sources representing multiple perspectives and data to determine the effectiveness of the federal government in addressing health care, income equality, and immigration.

#### ● SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN THE INFORMATION AGE

- **6.1.12.EconNE.16.a** Make evidenced-base inferences regarding the impact of technology on the global workforce and on entrepreneurship.
- **6.1.12.EconGE.16.a** Use quantitative data and other sources to assess the impact of international trade, global business organizations, and overseas competition on the United States economy and workforce.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.16.a** Construct a claim to describe how media and technology has impacted civic participation and deliberation.
- **6.1.12.EconNE.16.b** Evaluate the economic, political, and social impact of new and emerging technologies on individuals and nations.

## 39. AMERICA IN THE WORLD

#### ● THE UNITED STATES AND THE MIDDLE EAST: 1970S - 1990S

- **6.1.12.HistorySE.15.c** Evaluate the role of diplomacy in developing peaceful relations, alliances, and global agreements with other nations.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.15.a** Explain how and why religious tensions, historic differences, and a western dependence on oil in the Middle East have led to international conflicts and analyze the effectiveness of United States policy and actions in bringing peaceful resolutions to the region.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.c** Evaluate the effectiveness of United States policies and actions in supporting the economic and democratic growth of developing nations.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.a** Assess the impact of the arms race and the proliferation of nuclear weapons on world power, security, and national foreign policy.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.15.a** Analyze the factors that led to the fall of communism in Eastern European countries and the Soviet Union and determine how the fall influenced the global power structure.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.a** Develop an argument based on a variety of sources that compares George H.W. Bush's Iraqi policy with George W. Bush's.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.e** Evaluate the role of religion on cultural and social mores, public opinion, and political decisions.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.12.b** Use a variety of sources to explain how the Arab-Israeli conflict influenced American foreign policy.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.15.b** Analyze the reasons for terrorism and the impact that terrorism has had on individuals and government policies and assess the effectiveness of actions taken by the United States and other nations to prevent terrorism.
- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.15.a** Evaluate the role of diplomacy in international conflicts and policies relating to refugees and asylum seekers.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.d** Evaluate the decisions to wage war in Iraq and Afghanistan after the 9/11 attacks.

- **U.S. INVOLVEMENT IN WORLD AFFAIRS: 1980S - TODAY**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPR.15.a** Analyze the factors that led to the fall of communism in Eastern European countries and the Soviet Union and determine how the fall influenced the global power structure.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.15.b** Analyze the reasons for terrorism and the impact that terrorism has had on individuals and government policies and assess the effectiveness of actions taken by the United States and other nations to prevent terrorism.
- **6.1.12.HistorySE.15.c** Evaluate the role of diplomacy in developing peaceful relations, alliances, and global agreements with other nations.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.c** Evaluate the effectiveness of United States policies and actions in supporting the economic and democratic growth of developing nations.
- **6.1.12.CivicsHR.15.a** Evaluate the role of diplomacy in international conflicts and policies relating to refugees and asylum seekers.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.e** Evaluate the role of religion on cultural and social mores, public opinion, and political decisions.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.b** Analyze the impact of United States support for the policies and actions of the United Nations (i.e., Universal Declaration of Human Rights, United Nations Sustainability Goals) and other international organizations.

- **THE FIGHT AGAINST TERROR IN THE 21ST CENTURY**

- **6.1.12.HistorySE.15.b** Analyze the reasons for terrorism and the impact that terrorism has had on individuals and government policies and assess the effectiveness of actions taken by the United States and other nations to prevent terrorism.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.a** Assess the impact of the arms race and the proliferation of nuclear weapons on world power, security, and national foreign policy.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.d** Evaluate the decisions to wage war in Iraq and Afghanistan after the 9/11 attacks.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.b** Determine how the 9/11 attacks contributed to the debate over national security and civil liberties.

## 40. DOMESTIC POLICIES AND POLITICS

- **THE CONSERVATIVE RESURGENCE**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.14.a** Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to explain the conflicting ideologies and actions of political parties regarding spending priorities, the role of government in the economy, and social reforms.
- **6.1.12.CivicsDP.14.a** Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to determine the extent to which nongovernmental organizations, special interest groups, third party political groups, and the media affect public policy.

- **DOMESTIC POLICY DEBATES: 1970S - TODAY**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.d** Use primary sources representing multiple perspectives and data to determine the effectiveness of the federal government in addressing health care, income equality, and immigration.
- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.14.a** Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to explain the conflicting ideologies and actions of political parties regarding spending priorities, the role of government in the economy, and social reforms.
- **6.1.12.GeoPP.14.a** Use data and other evidence to determine the impact of recent immigration and migration patterns in New Jersey and the United States on demographic, social, economic, and political issues.
- **6.1.12.EconET.14.b** Analyze economic trends, income distribution, labor participation (i.e., employment, the composition of the work force), and government and consumer debt and their impact on society.
- **6.1.12.EconET.14.a** Use current events to judge what extent the government should intervene at the local, state, and national levels on issues related to the economy.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.a** Assess from various perspectives the effectiveness with which the United States government addresses economic issues that affect individuals, business, and/or other countries.
- **6.1.12.GeoNE.14.a** Use financial and economic data to determine the causes of the financial collapse of 2008 and evaluate the effectiveness of the government's attempts to alleviate the hardships brought on by the Great Recession.
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.b** Determine past and present factors that led to the widening of the gap between the rich and poor, and evaluate how this has affected individuals and society.
- **6.1.12.EconoNM.10.b** Compare and contrast the economic ideologies of the two major political parties regarding the role of government during the New Deal and today.

- **POLITICS IN THE LATE 20TH AND EARLY 21ST CENTURIES**

- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.d** Use primary sources representing multiple perspectives and data to determine the effectiveness of the

*federal government in addressing health care, income equality, and immigration.*

- **6.1.12.CivicsPD.14.a** *Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to explain the conflicting ideologies and actions of political parties regarding spending priorities, the role of government in the economy, and social reforms.*
- **6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.c** *Make evidenced-based inferences about the role of partisan politics in presidential impeachments and trials.*
- **6.1.12.GeONE.14.a** *Use financial and economic data to determine the causes of the financial collapse of 2008 and evaluate the effectiveness of the government's attempts to alleviate the hardships brought on by the Great Recession.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.c** *Analyze how the Supreme Court has interpreted the Constitution to define and expand individual rights and use evidence to document the long-term impact of these decisions on the protection of civil and human rights.*
- **6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.b** *Use case studies and evidence to evaluate the effectiveness of the checks and balances system in preventing one branch of national government from usurping too much power during contemporary times.*