

Ohio Tutorials are developed specifically for the Ohio Learning Standards to help prepare your students for the Ohio end-of-course exams.

English Tutorials offer targeted instruction, practice and review designed to build students' communication and reading comprehension skills. They automatically identify and address learning gaps down to elementary-level content, using adaptive remediation to bring students to grade-level no matter where they start. Students engage with the content in an interactive, feedback-rich environment as they progress through standards-aligned modules. Reading comprehension modules strengthen students' critical analysis skills as they study how nonfiction and literature can be used to share ideas. Writing modules combine free response exercises with drafting strategies and exemplars to help students communicate clearly and credibly in narrative, argumentative, and explanatory styles. To develop skills specific to public discourse, speaking and listening modules guide students as they evaluate clips and readings from speeches and discussions. In language modules, students build foundational grammar skills they need to articulate their ideas and understand challenging words.

In each module, the Learn It and Try It make complex ideas accessible through focused content, guided analysis, multi-modal representations, and personalized feedback as students reason through increasingly challenging problems. The Review It offers a high impact summary of key concepts and relates those concepts to students' lives. The Test It assesses students' mastery of the module's concepts, providing granular performance data to students and teachers after each attempt. To help students concentrate on the content most relevant to them, unit-level pretests and posttests can quickly identify where students are strong and where they're still learning.

1. ELEMENTS OF LITERATURE 1

• IMAGERY

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** *Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** *Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.*

• FIGURATIVE LANGUAGE

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** *Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** *Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** *Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4a** *Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5a** *Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5b** *Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.6** *Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.*

• SYMBOLISM AND ALLEGORY

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.

- **SATIRE AND PARADOX**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5a** Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.

2. ELEMENTS OF LITERATURE 2

- **CHARACTERS AND CONFLICT**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.5** Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

- **CHARACTER TYPES**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).

- **FORESHADOWING AND SUSPENSE**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).

3. ELEMENTS OF LITERATURE 3

- **PLOT**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.5** Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

- **THEMES IN FICTION**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.2a** Determine two or more themes of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1** Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

- **RESOLUTIONS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.5** Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

4. ELEMENTS OF LITERATURE 4

- **SETTING**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** *Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).*

- **POINT OF VIEW I**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** *Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).*

- **POINT OF VIEW II**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** *Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).*

5. READING STRATEGIES 1

- **MAKING INFERENCES**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1** *Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1** *Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** *Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.*

- **DRAWING CONCLUSIONS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1** *Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1** *Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** *Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.*

6. READING STRATEGIES 2

- **IMPLIED MAIN IDEA**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.2a** *Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** *Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.2b** *Craft an informative abstract that delineates how the central ideas of a text interact and build on one another.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** *Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.1** *Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.2a** *Determine two or more themes of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1** *Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.*

- **DETERMINING AUTHOR'S PURPOSE**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.1** *Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.2a** *Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** *Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.*

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.6** Determine an author's perspective or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.5** Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

• SUMMARY, ANALYSIS, AND CRITIQUE

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.2b** Produce a thorough analysis of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.2b** Craft an informative abstract that delineates how the central ideas of a text interact and build on one another.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.2a** Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another.

7. GENRES

• FOUNDATIONAL AMERICAN LITERATURE: 18TH CENTURY

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.9** Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more diverse texts from the same period treat similar themes and/or topics.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.9a** Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., “Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more diverse texts from the same period treat similar themes and/or topics”).

• FOUNDATIONAL AMERICAN LITERATURE: 19TH CENTURY

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.9** Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more diverse texts from the same period treat similar themes and/or topics.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.9a** Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., “Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more diverse texts from the same period treat similar themes and/or topics”).

• FOUNDATIONAL AMERICAN LITERATURE: 20TH CENTURY

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.9** Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more diverse texts from the same period treat similar themes and/or topics.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.9a** Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., “Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more diverse texts from the same period treat similar themes and/or topics”).

8. AUTHOR'S VOICE AND METHOD 1

• ANALYZING AUTHOR'S STYLE

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.6** Determine an author's perspective or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in *Federalist No. 10*).

• HYPERBOLE AND UNDERSTATEMENT

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5a** Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.

- **IRONY AND SARCASM**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5a** Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.

9. AUTHOR'S VOICE AND METHOD 2

- **OXYMORON AND PARADOX**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5a** Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.

- **TONE AND MOOD**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

- **WORD CHOICE**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5a** Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.

10. STRATEGY 1

- **CENTRAL IDEAS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.2a** Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.2a** Determine two or more themes of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

- **ANALYZING EFFECTIVE TEXT STRUCTURES**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.5** *Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.*

- **TEXT STRUCTURES IN FICTION**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** *Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.5** *Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.*

11. STRATEGY 2

- **ANALYZING LANGUAGE**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** *Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).*

- **RHETORICAL TECHNIQUES**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.6** *Determine an author's perspective or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** *Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.9** *Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.*

12. TEXT CONNECTIONS 1

- **ANALYZING INTERPRETATIONS OF FICTION**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.7** *Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.10a** *By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11 – CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range, building background knowledge and activating prior knowledge in order to make personal, societal, and ethical connections that deepen understanding of complex text.*

- **ANALYZING INTERPRETATIONS OF NONFICTION**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.7** *Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.10b** *By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11–CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently, building background knowledge and activating prior knowledge in order to make personal, societal, and ethical connections that deepen understanding of complex text.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.7** *Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.10a** *By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.10b** *By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 11–CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.*

- **PRINT AND NONPRINT TEXTS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.7** *Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats*

(e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

13. TEXT CONNECTIONS 2

• FOUNDATIONAL U.S. DOCUMENTS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.9** Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including *The Declaration of Independence*, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.6** Determine an author's perspective or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

• CONSTITUTIONAL PRINCIPLES

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.8** Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., *The Federalist*, presidential addresses).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.9b** Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., *The Federalist*, presidential addresses]”).

14. TEXT ORGANIZATION 1

• CAUSE AND EFFECT

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

• COMPARE AND CONTRAST

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).

• VISUAL AIDS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.7** Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

15. TEXT ORGANIZATION 2

• CHRONOLOGY AND SEQUENCING

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.3** Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

• FLASHBACK AND FRAMING

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.3** Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.5** Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.6** Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text.

16. SENTENCE STRUCTURE

• SENTENCE STRUCTURE

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3b** Apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3a** Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's *Artful Sentences*) for guidance as needed.

• PARALLELISM AND VERB TENSE

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3a** Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's *Artful Sentences*) for guidance as needed.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3b** Apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.

• SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3a** Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's *Artful Sentences*) for guidance as needed.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3b** Apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.

17. PUNCTUATION

• COLONS AND SEMICOLONS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.2a** Observe hyphenation conventions.

• COMMAS WITH PHRASES AND CLAUSES

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.2a** Observe hyphenation conventions.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

• END MARKS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.2a** Observe hyphenation conventions.

• DASHES AND HYPHENS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.2a** Observe hyphenation conventions.

18. CONTEXTUAL CLUES

• USING CONTEXTUAL CLUES

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in *Federalist No. 10*).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4a** Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4d** Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

• ANALYZING FIGURES OF SPEECH AND IDIOMS

• ANALYZING FIGURES OF SPEECH AND IDIOMS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5a** Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4a** Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

• WORD PATTERNS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4b** Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).

• CONNOTATION AND DENOTATION

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5b** Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4a** Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

19. USAGE

• FORMAL AND INFORMAL LANGUAGE

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RL.11-12.4** Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.RI.11-12.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1e** Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2f** Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.6** Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

• USING THE DICTIONARY AND THESAURUS

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4c** Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, part of speech, etymology, or standard usage.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.4d** Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3a** Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's Artful Sentences) for guidance as needed.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.3b** Apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.5b** Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.6** Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

- **CHANGING LANGUAGE CONVENTIONS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.1a** Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.1b** Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g., Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage, Garner's Modern American Usage) as needed.

- **SPELLING RULES**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.2b** Spell correctly.

20. BUILDING AN ESSAY 1

- **DETERMINING AN APPROPRIATE ESSAY FORMAT**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4** Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

- **INTRODUCTIONS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2b** Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed.

- **CONCLUSIONS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1f** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2g** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

21. BUILDING AN ESSAY 2

- **INTEGRATING GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2b** Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2c** Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.2** Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.5** Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

- **WRITING AND TECHNOLOGY**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.6** Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

- **SHORT NARRATIVES**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3a** Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3b** Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot

lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3c** Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3d** Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3e** Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

• **NARRATIVE TECHNIQUES**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3a** Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3b** Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3c** Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.3d** Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

22. EXPOSITORY WRITING

• **EXPOSITORY THESIS STATEMENTS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2a** Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present and explain information.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2b** Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed.

• **EXPOSITORY PARAGRAPH DEVELOPMENT**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2c** Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2b** Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2d** Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

• **EXPOSITORY ESSAYS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2a** Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present and explain information.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2c** Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2g** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2b** Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2d** Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

23. ARGUMENTATIVE WRITING 1

• **TYPES OF EVIDENCE**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2c** Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the

topic.

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1a** Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present a complex argument.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1b** Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1c** Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

- **CLAIMS AND COUNTERCLAIMS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1a** Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present a complex argument.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1b** Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1c** Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

24. ARGUMENTATIVE WRITING 2

- **ARGUMENTATIVE CLAIMS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1a** Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present a complex argument.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1b** Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

- **ARGUMENTATIVE PARAGRAPH DEVELOPMENT**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1a** Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present a complex argument.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1b** Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1c** Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1d** Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

- **ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAYS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1a** Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present a complex argument.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1b** Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1c** Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1f** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

25. RESEARCH

- **REFINING A RESEARCH QUESTION**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.7** Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.8** *Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.*

- **GATHERING INFORMATION**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.8** *Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.*

- **AVOIDING PLAGIARISM**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.8** *Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.*

26. REVISION CONSIDERATIONS 1

- **PREWRITING**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2b** *Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4** *Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** *Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.*

- **UNITY AND FOCUS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2a** *Establish a clear and thorough thesis to present and explain information.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2b** *Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** *Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.*

- **WORDINESS AND REDUNDANCY**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** *Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.*

27. REVISION CONSIDERATIONS 2

- **TRANSITIONAL ELEMENTS**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1d** *Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2d** *Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.4** *Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.*
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.5** *Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.*

- **MAINTAINING A FORMAL STYLE**

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.1e** Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2f** Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.1a** Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.L.11-12.6** Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.W.11-12.2e** Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

28. SPEAKING AND LISTENING

• DISCUSSION GUIDELINES

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1a** Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1b** Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1c** Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.1d** Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

• ANALYZING AND DEVELOPING A SPEECH

- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.3** Evaluate a speaker's perspective, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
- **OH.ELA-Literacy.SL.11-12.4** Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.